Read Apostol, Chapter 15.

1. From Apostol, 15.5, page 555, do problems 1, 4, 5, 13, 14; and from 15.9, page 560, do problems 5-7, 9, 14.
2. From Apostol, 15.12, pages 566-568, do problems 1 (b,e), 4, 8, 13(a,b,d); and from 15.16, page 576 , do problems 1 (a), 2(b), 4 .
3. Prove that the functions $e^{x}, e^{2 x}, e^{3 x}$ are linearly independent in the real vector space $V$ consisting of differentiable functions.
4. Let $V$ be the set of solutions to the differential equation $f^{\prime}(x)=f(x)$ and let $W$ be the set of solutions to the differential equation $f^{\prime \prime}(x)-3 f^{\prime}(x)+2 f(x)=0$.
a) Show that $V$ and $W$ are real vector spaces, and that $V$ is a subspace of $W$.
b) Find a basis for $V$, and the dimension of $V$.
c) Extend your basis of $V$ to a basis of $W$ (i.e. find a basis of $W$ that contains your basis of $V$ ), and find the dimension of $W$.
5. Let $W \subset \mathbb{R}^{3}$ be the subspace given by $x+y+z=0$. Find a basis of $W$ and extend it to a basis of $\mathbb{R}^{3}$.
6. Prove or disprove each of the following assertions:
a) If $V$ is a finite dimensional vector space with basis $B=\left\{v_{1}, \ldots, v_{n}\right\}$, and $W$ is a subspace of $V$, then $B \cap W$ is a basis for $W$.
b) If $V$ is a vector space, and $S$ is a linearly independent subset of $V$ that is not contained in any strictly larger linearly independent subset of $V$, then $S$ is a basis of $V$.
