

*Reminder:* The first exam is on Monday, October 5 in class. One two-sided handwritten 5" x 7" index card is permitted during the exam, but no other aids.

Read Apostol, Chapter 4, sections 3-5, 10, 13, 14, 16, 17. Optional: In Chapter 4 also read sections 1, 2, 7, 8, 11, 18, 20.

1. From Apostol, section 4.6, pages 167-168, do problems 12 and 38; and in section 4.9, page 173, do problems 1, 8, 11.

2. From Apostol, section 4.12, page 179-180, do problems 4 and 16; and in section 4.15, page 186, do problems 1 and 4.

3. Let  $f(x) = 1$  if the integer  $[x]$  is even, and let  $f(x) = -1$  if  $[x]$  is odd. Let  $F(x) = \int_0^x f$  and let  $\Phi(x) = \int_0^x F$ . Graph the functions  $f, F, \Phi$ . Are these functions integrable? continuous? differentiable?

4. a) Determine whether the function  $f(x) = x^3 - x + 1$  has a maximum value and whether it has a minimum value on the closed interval  $[-1, 2]$ . If such values exist, find them and find for which values of  $x$  they are achieved. Relate your answer to the Extreme Value Theorem.

b) Redo part (a) on the open interval  $(-1, 2)$ .

5. Which of the following functions are differentiable at  $x = 0$ ? For each one that is, find  $f'(0)$ , and determine whether the function  $f'$  is continuous at  $x = 0$ .

a)  $f(x) = \sin(1/x)$  for  $x \neq 0$ ,  $f(0) = 0$ .

b)  $f(x) = x \sin(1/x)$  for  $x \neq 0$ ,  $f(0) = 0$ .

c)  $f(x) = x^2 \sin(1/x)$  for  $x \neq 0$ ,  $f(0) = 0$ .

d)  $f(x) = x^3 \sin(1/x)$  for  $x \neq 0$ ,  $f(0) = 0$ .

6. Let  $f$  be the function given in problem 6 of Problem Set 2. For which real numbers  $a$  in  $[0, 1]$  is the function  $f$  differentiable at  $x = a$ ? Prove your assertion.