

### HOMEWORK 3 - DUE TUES. FEB. 22

1. a) Prove that  $n^5$  has the same last digit as  $n$ .
- b) Prove that if  $\gcd(n, 100) = 1$ , then  $n^{41}$  has the same last two digits as  $n$ .

2.) Show that if  $p$  is prime, then

$$1 + 1^{p-1} + 2^{p-1} + \cdots + (p-1)^{p-1} = 0 \pmod{p}$$

3.) Prove that a number is divisible by 9 iff the sum of its digits is divisible by 9. Find a similar criterion for 11.

4.) Prove that if  $n_1, \dots, n_k$  are positive numbers such that  $\gcd(n_i, n_j) = 1$  for  $i \neq j$ , then

$$\mathbb{Z}/n_1 n_2 \cdots n_k \mathbb{Z} \cong \mathbb{Z}/n_1 \mathbb{Z} \times \cdots \times \mathbb{Z}/n_k \mathbb{Z}$$