

Math 603. Homework 8

(due Friday, April 11, 2008)

Let $X : \Delta^{\text{op}} \rightarrow (\text{Sets})$ be a simplicial set. Consider the following standard maps in Δ :

the i -th face: $\partial_n^i : [n-1] \rightarrow [n]$ - the strictly increasing injection whose image does not contain $i \in [n]$.

the i -th degeneracy: $\sigma_n^i : [n+1] \rightarrow [n]$ - the non-decreasing injection which takes the value $i \in [n]$ twice.

1. Show that:

- every strictly increasing injective map in Δ can be decomposed into a chain of face maps.
- every surjective map in Δ can be decomposed into a chain of degeneracy maps.
- every map in Δ can be decomposed into a chain of maps which are either chain maps or degeneracy map.

2. Show that the face and degeneracy maps satisfy the following relations:

$$\begin{aligned}\partial_{n+1}^j \partial_n^i &= \partial_{n+1}^i \partial_n^{j-1} & i < j \\ \sigma_n^j \sigma_{n+1}^i &= \sigma_n^i \sigma_{n+1}^{j+1} & i \leq j\end{aligned}$$
$$\sigma_{n-1}^j \partial_n^i = \begin{cases} \partial_{n-1}^i \sigma_{n-2}^{j-1} & i < j; \\ \text{id}_{[n-1]} & i = j \text{ or } i = j + 1; \\ \partial_{n-1}^{i-1} \sigma_{n-2}^j & i > j + 1; \end{cases}$$

3. Suppose that $f : [m] \rightarrow [n]$ is a morphism in Δ . Show that f can be written uniquely as

$$f = \partial_n^{i_1} \partial_{n-1}^{i_2} \cdots \partial_{n-s+1}^{i_s} \sigma_{m-t}^{j_t} \cdots \sigma_{m-2}^{j_2} \sigma_{m-1}^{j_1},$$

where $n \geq i_1 > i_2 > \cdots > i_s \geq 0$ and $m \geq j_1 > j_2 > \cdots > j_t \geq 0$, $n = m - t + s$. Use this to show that the relations in **(2)** generate all the relations among face and degeneracy maps.