## AMCS 602 Problem set 4 due September 27, 2016 Dr. Epstein

**Reading:** Page numbers below refer to *Numerical Linear Algebra* by Trefethen and Bau.

**Standard problems:** The following problems should be done, but do not have to be handed in.

- 1. Pge 76, problem 10.1.
- 2. Page 85, problem 11.2.
- 3. Page 85, problem 11.3.
- 4. Page 96, problem 12.1.

**Homework assignment:** The solutions to the following problems should be carefully written up and handed in.

- 1. Page 76, problem 10.2.
- 2. Page 76, problem 10.4.
- 3. Page 85, problem 11.1.
- 4. Page 96, problem 12.2. In this problem, "the data at  $\{x_j\}$ " is a vector  $\boldsymbol{b} = (b_1, \dots, b_n)$  so that p is defined by  $p(x_j) = b_j$ . The first part of the problem asks for the matrix A(x; y) so that  $[A(x; y) \cdot \boldsymbol{b}]_j = p(y_j)$  for  $j = 1, \dots, m$ .
- 5. Page 96, problem 12.3. This a problem about using numerical simulations to deduce hypotheses and provide evidence for them. You are not being asked to prove anything.
- 6. Let  $x_{\pm}$  be the roots of the equation  $x^2 + bx + c = 0$  given by the quadratic formula:

$$x_{\pm} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4c}}{2}.$$
 (1)

Determine the conditioning (both absolute and relative) of  $x_+$  as *b* varies with *c* held fixed, and as *c* varies with *b* held fixed. Note that there are a variety of cases to consider. Finally, explain formula (12.7) in the book and relate it to your analysis.