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1. Given $x + y = \cos(y)$, find y'. We differentiate both sides:

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x+y) = 1 + y'$$
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cos(y)) = -\sin(y) \cdot y'$$

Combining to obtain $1 + y' = -\sin(y) \cdot y'$. We now isolate y':

$$1 + y' = -\sin(y) \cdot y'$$

$$1 = -\sin(y) \cdot y' - y'$$

$$1 = -(\sin(y) + 1) \cdot y'$$

$$y' = \frac{-1}{\sin(y) + 1}$$

2. Given $cos(x+y) = x^2y$, find y'. We differentiate both sides:

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cos(x+y)) = -\sin(x+y) \cdot (1+y')$$
$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^2y) = 2xy + x^2y'$$

Combining to obtain $-\sin(x+y) \cdot (1+y') = 2xy + x^2y'$. We now isolate y'.

$$-\sin(x+y) \cdot (1+y') = 2xy + x^2y'$$

$$-\sin(x+y) - \sin(x+y)y' = 2xy + x^2y'$$

$$-\sin(x+y) - 2xy = x^2y' + \sin(x+y)y'$$

$$-\sin(x+y) - 2xy = (x^2 + \sin(x+y))y'$$

$$y' = \frac{-\sin(x+y) - 2xy}{x^2 + \sin(x+y)}$$

KEY