

Note: Those who would like to have extra time can submit this problem set to the TA by Wed., Dec. 12.

In Apostol, Volume II, read Chapter 12, Sections 1-20, pages 417-462. (Sections 16, 18, 20 are optional.)

1. From Apostol, Volume II, Chapter 12, Section 12.4, page 424, do problems 1, 8; and from Section 12.6, pages 429-430, do problems 2, 3.
2. From Apostol, Volume II, Chapter 12, Section 12.10, pages 436-438, do problems 1, 7; and from Section 12.13, pages 442-443, do problems 1, 5.
3. From Apostol, Volume II, Chapter 12, Section 12.15, pages 447-448, do problems 1(a,c), 5; and from Section 12.21, pages 462-465, do problems 1, 2.

4. Let $F = z \mathbf{i} + x \mathbf{j} + (y + z) \mathbf{k}$.

(a) Find $\text{curl } F$ and $\text{div } F$.

(b) Determine whether F is conservative; i.e., whether $\int_C F \cdot d\alpha$ is path independent, where α is a parametrization of C .

(c) Determine whether $F = \text{curl } G$ for some vector field G .

(Hint: Use part (a) in doing parts (b) and (c).)

5. For a surface S , let \mathbf{n} be the outward unit normal.

(a) Let S be the portion of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2$ above the plane $z = 1$. Let $F = xz \mathbf{i} + yz \mathbf{j} + xy \mathbf{k}$. Using Stokes' Theorem, compute $\iint_S \text{curl } F \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS$.

(b) Let V be the solid cylinder given by $x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$, $0 \leq z \leq 1$, and let $S = \partial V$. Let $F = 2xz \mathbf{i} + \sin(x^2 z) \mathbf{j} + (y^3 + z - z^2) \mathbf{k}$. Using the divergence theorem, evaluate $\iint_S F \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS$.