

1. Consider an action of a group  $G$  on a set  $X$ .
  - a) Show by example that the stabilizers of two elements of  $X$  can have different orders.
  - b) Show that if  $x_1, x_2 \in X$  lie in the same orbit, then their stabilizers must have the same order, and in fact must be conjugate subgroups.
  - c) Must the stabilizers of  $x_1, x_2$  in (b) be equal? Must the stabilizer of an element of  $X$  be normal in  $G$ ?
2. Interpret each of the following objects in terms of stabilizers, and determine which must be normal subgroups of  $G$ :
  - a) The kernel of a group action  $\phi : G \rightarrow \text{Sym}(X)$ .
  - b) The centralizer of an element  $x \in G$ .
  - c) The center of a group  $G$ .
  - d) The normalizer  $N_G(H)$  of a subgroup  $H \subseteq G$ .
  - e) The centralizer  $C_G(H)$  of a subgroup  $H \subseteq G$ .
3. Given a group  $G$  acting on a finite set  $X$ , and an element  $x \in X$ , write  $Gx$  for the orbit of  $x$  and write  $G_x$  for the stabilizer of  $x$ .
  - a) Show that  $|Gx| = (G : G_x)$ . (In particular, the right hand side is finite.)
  - b) Consider the orbits that have more than one element, pick one element from each of these orbits, and gather them together as a set  $S$ . Show that  $|X| = |X^G| + \sum_{x \in S} (G : G_x)$ , where  $X^G \subseteq X$  is the set of elements that are fixed by all of  $G$ .
  - c) Interpret these two equalities in each of these two cases, where  $G$  is a finite group:
    - i)  $G$  acts on itself by conjugation.
    - ii) A subgroup  $K$  of  $G$  acts on the set of subgroups of  $G$  by conjugation.
4. a) If  $H$  is a subgroup of  $G$  and  $H \neq G$ , we say that  $H$  is a *maximal* subgroup if the only subgroups containing  $H$  are itself and  $G$ . Show that if  $H$  is maximal then so is  $aHa^{-1}$ , for any  $a \in G$ .
  - b) Define the *Frattini* subgroup  $\Phi$  of  $G$  to be the intersection of the maximal subgroups of  $G$ . Show that  $\Phi \triangleleft G$ .
  - c) Find the Frattini subgroup  $\Phi$  of  $D_4, C_4$ , and  $Q$ . In each case, find  $G/\Phi$ . Conjecture?
5. a) Show that  $\text{Inn } G \triangleleft \text{Aut } G$ .
  - b) Find  $\text{Inn } G$  and  $\text{Aut } G$  for  $G = S_n, n \leq 4$ . Conjecture?
6. Prove or disprove each of the following.
  - a) A group is abelian if and only if every subgroup is normal.
  - b) Let  $H, K$  be subgroups of  $G$ . Then  $HK := \{hk \mid h \in H, k \in K\}$  is a subgroup of  $G$  if and only if  $HK = KH$ . This equality holds in particular if either  $H$  or  $K$  is normal.
7. Let  $\text{GL}_2(\mathbb{R})$  act on the set  $M_2(\mathbb{R})$  of  $2 \times 2$  real matrices by conjugation.
  - a) Describe the orbits of this action.
  - b) Which orbits contain only one element?
  - c) Does every orbit contain a diagonal matrix? a symmetric matrix?